



THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

AUGUST-1895.

Calendar table for August 1895 with columns for Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat and rows for days 1-31.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

MAX L. GUTMAN, a retired jewelry manufacturer at Rochester, N. Y., tried to kill his four daughters by shooting them. The women escaped and then Gutman shot himself fatally.

GEORGE P. TINKER set himself on fire in eight continuous hours, correcting all errors. This performance smashes all previous records made on the typesetting machines and confirms him as the most rapid typesetter in the world.

By the alteration of brands it was discovered that thousands of head of cattle had been stolen in Wyoming and run north into Montana, where they were sold.

Jesse C. Jones, a Minneapolis lumberman, failed for \$150,000.

The Bank of Shelby, Tenn., suspended with liabilities of \$107,000.

In a 20-mile bicycle race at Minneapolis Barney Bird, of St. Paul, broke the world's record, making the distance in 57 min.

A typhoon, rain, and hailstorm struck Belle Plaine, Minn., doing great damage.

The first national convention of commercial lawyers of the United States met in Detroit with nearly every state and territory represented.

Hot winds were blowing over Iowa, doing great damage to corn.

LON DAVIS, John Bell, and William Thomas (all colored) and Frank Bennett (white) were shot by an unknown negro at St. Louis.

A big strike of tin ore near Willetta gold camp in Colorado was reported. Tests showed that it ran 20 per cent tin.

A clam shell containing fourteen handsome pearls was found in the St. Joseph river at St. Joseph, Mich.

JAMES AMICK was shot and killed by Mrs. Ella Amick near Eureka, Kan. He attended to horseflesh when she retailed.

A national conference of sugar demagogues met in Washington for the purpose of agreeing upon a line of policy to be pursued in the interest of silver in the democratic party. Nineteen states were represented.

RECEIVER McNULTA sold in Chicago eighteen plants of the old whiskey trust to the reorganization committee for \$8,800,000.

The new system adopted by the Western Union Telegraph company of employing boys on bicycles to deliver messages proved satisfactory in New York.

MERCHANTS of Ohio, Indiana and Michigan met at Columbus and organized the National Wholesale Buyers' association, the object being to purchase in large quantities direct from the producers and thus save for themselves the profits of the eastern jobber.

FRANK SWEET'S efforts having failed to separate Mrs. Alice Burr from her husband, Frank Burr, of Chicago, and induce her to live with him, he shot her, probably fatally, and her friend, Mrs. Nichols, shot then killed himself.

An engine struck a cow on the Alton road near Slater, Mo., throwing it upon the cowcatcher, and three tramps who were riding thereon were killed.

JOHN STORSSAGE, Curtin Ammons and John Blair were killed by the explosion of the boiler of a thresher near Morgantown, W. Va.

THOMAS HÖVENDER, the famous artist, was killed by the cars near Harrisburg, Pa., in attempting to save the life of a little girl. The child was also killed.

By the overturning of a hose reel at Cincinnati Capt. Ed Meyers and Peman Al Doherty were fatally injured.

CONSTANCE VANDERBILT and wife opened the doors of their new summer palace "The Breakers," at Newport, R. I. The building cost \$3,000,000.

A boat capsized in Highland lake near Eldred, N. Y., and three men were drowned.

AT Elkinsburg, Wash., Samuel Dinson and his son Charles were hanged by a mob for murdering Michael Kohlop and Joseph N. Bergin in a saloon row.

In New York Fred Titus made 10 miles in a bicycle in 20:58 4-5, breaking all previous records for the distance.

The official returns for August show that the prospective fruit crop of the country, taken as a whole, was much larger than for several years.

The business part of Ellettsville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire, only one store being left standing.

MARY C. KORSANGE, aged 22 years, was killed and her betrothed, Jacob Westover, was probably fatally hurt in a runaway at Kalamazoo, Mich.

According to the census just completed the population of Duluth, Minn., is 52,396, a gain of 20,281 since 1890.

During a storm near Marshall, O., Mr. and Mrs. William House, who lately married, were killed by lightning.

The shops of the Colorado Midland railroad at Colorado City, Col., were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

T. D. MARSHALL, member of the state legislature, H. H. Coleman and R. T. Fox, prominent residents of Vicksburg, Miss., were sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of R. T. Dinkins in a quarrel.

As the result of family quarrels Mrs. William Browning, of Evansville, Ind., shot and killed her husband and then blew out her own brains.

Mrs. D. H. Reynolds was killed and Mrs. S. L. Cook probably fatally hurt by being thrown from a buggy in a runaway at Albion, Ind.

LOUIS GINN, of Cleveland, O., rode 455 miles on a bicycle in 24 hours, beating the world's record.

TOM ROBINSON, of Fairbury, Ill., at the fair grounds in Bloomington ran 100 yards in 9 3-5 seconds, breaking the world's record.

It was discovered that Chinamen were being smuggled into New York from Havana by hundreds every month.

E. S. ERMAN's distillery at Leavenworth, Kan., recently built at a cost of \$30,000, was burned. No insurance.

GREAT damage was done by a storm at Chickamauga park, near Chattanooga, Tenn. Some of the finest trees in the park were ruined.

The town of Hindostan, Ind., was wiped off the face of the earth by an incendiary fire.

THE conference of free silver demagogues concluded its session in Washington. The address to the party urges united action to have a "white metal" declaration at the national convention and a candidate for president nominated who is a free college man.

A plan of organization was also outlined for states to carry out.

Mrs. ELKANOR BITTING, who lives near Washington, attempted to take the lives of her seven children by strangling them, but was prevented by neighbors. Mrs. Bitting was partially insane because of the death of her husband.

EMMETT DIVENS, a negro who killed Mrs. Cain near Fulton, Mo., a couple of weeks ago, was taken from jail by a mob and hanged to a railroad bridge.

A bicycle railroad has been incorporated to run from San Francisco to Santa Cruz, 90 miles.

Mrs. M. H. CASE, 96 years old, and confined to her bed by infirmities of age, was burned to death at her home near Delaware, O.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 10th aggregated \$873,743,725, against \$876,032,312 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 13.0.

TWENTY-THREE men, charged with participating in the recent assault upon the colored people of Spring Valley, Ill., and with driving them from their homes, were arrested and held for trial.

TOM WILBURN, aged 94 years, committed suicide with a razor at Norwich, N. Y.

A 100 house near Arlington, Tenn., was burned, Mrs. Callie Harrill and two grown daughters perishing in the flames. Foul play was suspected.

The Otis Elevator company at Cleveland, O., has gone out of business, giving as a reason the decreased demand for grain caused by bicycles and trolley cars.

CHARLES M. LANSING, who did an extensive country business in Chicago in novelties and notions, failed for \$150,000.

Mrs. BERNETTY WOODARD celebrated her 100th birthday anniversary at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jeremiah Key, near Coldwater, Mich.

Rev. W. T. RICHMOND, D. D., editor of the Central Presbyterian, died at his home in Richmond, Va., aged 75 years.

CHRISTIAN COONRAD, 110 years old, attended the Dubuque county harvest home picnic at Dyersville, Ia.

MARYLAND republicans in convention at Cambridge nominated Lloyd Howndes for governor, Harry M. Clough for attorney general and D. E. P. Dennis for comptroller. The platform confines itself to state issues.

PETER FREDERICK ROTHERMEL, the well-known painter of "The Battle of Gettysburg," died at his home at Linfield, Pa.

ANNE CASBY CUMERY, aged 100 years, died at Paint Creek, O.

New York democrats will hold their state convention at Syracuse on September 24.

SAM BELL MAXEY, who was United States senator from Texas from 1874 to 1880, died at Eureka Springs, Ark., aged 70 years.

THE British parliament convened in London.

BULGARIANS burned several Mohammedan villages and killed thirty-five persons.

ROBERT HUDSON, a young and richly educated young man who had run through his own and his wife's fortunes, was hanged at York, England, for the murder of his wife and child in June last.

An order was issued in Madrid calling 12,000 men into active service in September to fill vacancies due to the Cuban war.

TWELVE workmen were killed at the Germania shipbuilding yard at Kiel by the breaking of a gangway.

MANY villages were destroyed by a storm in Japan and over 3,000 persons were killed.

A TRAIN bearing a large detachment of Havana volunteers to the Santa Clara district was destroyed by dynamite and most of the soldiers were killed.

CHONGRA was said to be raging in neighboring provinces in China, Corea and the island of Formosa.

GENERAL LORD WOLSELEY has been chosen to succeed the duke of Cambridge as commander in chief of the British army.

A PLEASURE boat capsized at Ocean City, Md., and William Stor and his wife and two children and Myrtle Stevens and Lina and Lulu Hall were drowned.

JOHN WALSH walked from San Francisco to Boston in ninety-three days, winning a wager of \$500.

The Gunny hotel at Denver, Col., crowded with guests, was demolished by a terrific explosion and it was thought that forty or more persons lost their lives.

The Ocean Bay View house at Hamlet station, Rockaway beach, was completely destroyed by fire. All the guests were saved.

SEVEN DROWNED. Scared Women Upset a Sailing Boat with Awful Results.

OCEAN CITY, Md., Aug. 19.—Seven lives paid the penalty Saturday of the overcrowding of a small sail-boat and the unreeling of a frail-rail-boat and the women aboard, who, by springing to one side when the little craft shipped some water, overturned it and threw its occupants into the water. The boat contained ten persons, and of these ten only three were rescued when the boat capsized. The dead are:

William Stor, aged 46 years, a sign painter; his wife, Mrs. Laura Stor, aged 38 their two daughters, Ida May and Eva, 14 and 16 years respectively; Lina and Lena Hall, sisters, aged 16 and 15 years, respectively; of Newport, Del., and Miss Myrtle Stevens, aged 14 years, of Solbyville, Del.

The Storrs family were residents of Philadelphia and lived at 4819 Lancaster avenue. The bodies of Storrs, his wife and two daughters and Miss Stevens have been recovered, but those of the Hall girls are still in the water.

Saturday Mr. Storrs made up a sailing party, the start being made for Hammocks' Point. The point was safely reached and Skipper Hudson tacked towards the inlet. In coming about and in shifting from one side to the other of the passengers the boat keeled and shipped a few bucketsful of water. The keeling of the boat frightened the women of the party and some of them sprang to their feet. The sudden movement of the terrified women threw the boat over and it capsized and the entire party was thrown into the water.

The boat for some reason sank, carrying down with it its skipper, Hudson. Hudson, with the strength of despair, succeeded in drawing the mast from the boat, and it immediately rose to the surface again. In the meanwhile Mr. Storrs had been supporting as well as he was able the struggling women. The water was only 6 feet deep and the shore was but a short distance off and it seemed possible that the entire party might reach it in safety. When the boat rose to the top of the water Mr. Storrs and Hudson succeeded in drawing the women of the party to it and getting them to grasp the rail.

The terrible exertions he had undergone, however, had exhausted Mr. Storrs' strength and as he reached out his hand to take hold of the boat, he sank beneath the water. The disappearance of her husband terrified Mrs. Storrs and she released her hold of the boat and threw herself towards the shore where he had gone down as if to try and save him. She, too, sank, and her children, horrified by the drowning of both parents, became hysterical and losing their strength, let go the boat and sank. The two Hall girls became exhausted and drowned together. In the meanwhile the terrified shrieks of the party had brought assistance from shore, and just as the rescuers were within a few car strokes of the capsized boat Myrtle Stevens slipped from it and went under. Hudson, William Hall, brother of the Hall girls, and Miss Ida May Hudson, who still clung to the boat, were rescued in an exhausted condition.

The bodies of the drowned were immediately grappled for and all were recovered but those of the Hall girls. The bodies were in a horrible state when drawn to the surface. The crabs had eaten the flesh from the faces, the eyes were gouged out and the fingers chewed off to the knuckles.

BURNED TO DEATH. Father and Daughter Perish by Fire at Algonquin, Ill.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at the little town of Algonquin, near this city, at an early hour Sunday morning, during which two people were burned to death. Their names are: A. Kuzar, aged 40; Nellie Kuzar, aged 4, his daughter.

The fire broke out in Mr. Kuzar's shoe store. The family, consisting of the proprietor, his wife and two children, were asleep in the second story and it was with great effort that they were aroused by the only watchman the village supports. Mr. and Mrs. Kuzar and one child escaped, but the daughter was not to be found. Mr. Kuzar rushed into the burning building to recover her, but was overcome by smoke and perished. The remains of father and daughter were found later. The fire destroyed four buildings. The loss was \$20,000.

A MICHIGAN TOWN'S LOSS. Nine Buildings Burned in Montgomery—Loss Between \$30,000 and \$40,000.

MONTGOMERY, Mich., Aug. 18.—Early Sunday morning fire destroyed between \$30,000 and \$40,000 worth of business property here. Nine buildings were burned, including Alward's drug store, Jones & Sons' dry goods store, Purogo & Sons' shoe store, the old fellows' masonic and G. A. R. halls, Spalding & Ritchie's meat market, Kimmel's restaurant and G. Healdley's harness shop. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The insurance aggregates \$13,300.

Win Their Fight. New York, Aug. 19.—The pugilists who struck about four days ago were successful and have won their fight. Up to Saturday morning 215 contractors had given up the fight and signed the agreement with the strikers. There are only half a dozen contractors now to be heard from.

Weak and Weary. Because of a depleted condition of the blood. The remedy is to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will tone the stomach, create an appetite and give renewed strength. Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye to-day. At 25c per bottle.

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GRANDDADDY LONGLEGS.

Through the dreamlike mist that floats
Up the path of childhood.
Like a night bird's plaintive notes
Piping from the wildwood.

MY RIVAL.

BY LEON ABBY.

I was sure Jack loved me. He had
In an intermittent sort of way, ever
Since we were married three years before.

But on the whole, things moved on
In a joyous way, varied once in awhile
By a burst of tears and sobs from me.

But there came a change. I thought
I was hardened to almost as much
As Cousin Theo, but I found that
Things had not been so bad that they
Could not be worse.

Jack grew more and more distrustful
When he had read the paper, instead
Of his usual polite inquiries after my
Health, occupations, etc., he relapsed
Into deep fits of reverie.

for this keen pain, this frightful
Jealousy that took possession of me. Jack
Was in love. There was no manner of
Doubt of it. Did he have all the signs
Of abstracted, silent, troubled, with
Dreams of the beloved, unattainable
Object, whoever she was? He was very
Busy in the office, I knew, but there
Were the evenings, the cool, scented
Summer nights that had once been so
Sweet.

"Where's Jack? Isn't he here?" I
Asked, with that sickening feeling at
My heart that all jealous women know.
"No, he hasn't been here for weeks."
For weeks! And twice in the last week
He had gone to "father's." I controlled
Myself bravely, laughed with the rest,
And brother Will took me home. Ah!
Cruel mockery to call that a joke of tears
And sorrow home! It was home no longer.

Next day—even so soon as that my
Time came. I had been kind, but, as
Usual, I had hidden my grief and pain.
I would not have thought that I, innocent,
Trusting girl that I was but a few
Short months ago, could have devel-
oped into a watchful, double-faced woman
But sorrow is a thorough teacher.

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the gate I sprang to the closet,
snatched a long cloak and hat and
veiled, and when the men got on the car
a woman followed them to whom they
gave not even a glance.

The car dashed on. The veiled woman
In the corner shivered with excite-
ment. Down in the heart of the city
the two men stepped off and made
their way, closely followed by their
fellow passenger, to a long, low build-
ing now lighted up, and from whence
sounds of music issued. I recognized
the place. It was the armory, where
our brave militia were wont to gather,
and which was more often the scene of
a concert, fair, dog show, or some such
exhibition. I had forgotten in my excite-
ment to glance at the sign that
was wont to show to outsiders the
nature of the scene within. I passed
close behind Jack and his friend, still
unobserved. The big doors swung be-
hind us. My heart beat wildly. Was
the mystery to be cleared up? Was
she here or was I still the victim?
When I had got accustomed to the
light I saw a group of men and women
sitting around the hall watching in-
tently. I paused, as did my escorts (?).
My eyes followed theirs. Slowly
circling round and round to the
music of the band went men and
women on their airy steeds. I hardly
took them in, for the men turned to a
fourth standing man and Jack said in
tones of authority: "Bring her out,
Joe." Then turning to Harry he went
on: "I am ashamed of myself. I
thought I was something of an athlete,
but this creature has almost mastered
me. Last night I got a terrible fall
that about decided me to give up the
effort, but you know I hate to be
beaten at anything. I was so bruised
and stiff after my header that I was
almost afraid to go home. Fortunately
Nell, dear girl, was asleep. I had a
mark under my eye equal to a prize
fighter's. I bathed it and luckily for
me, with the aid of a little of Nell's
powder, it was hardly visible in the
morning and I was spared any em-
barrassing questions. I don't think
Nell suspects. I have tried to keep it
from her, for I imagined she would
make fun of me for getting the fever,
but, by Jove, it's been a hard thing to
do. You know, Harry, it's the first
secret I've had from my wife. O, here is
Joe" and Joe came leading my rival.
She was a beauty; how beautiful the
curves of the lovely cheeks; how
bright the silvery hair; how grace-
ful every motion of Jack's new bicycle
—my first and last rival.—Chicago
Tribune.

He wore diamonds, but was trying to
cheat the conductor.
It was in a Broadway cable car, and
the car, which was bound down town,
had just passed Chambers street, says
the New York World.
In one corner sat a stout, prosperous-
looking man who wore large and genu-
ine diamonds. His right hand was
clenched and evidently there was some-
thing in it.
Presently the prosperous man rose to
go. An old lady who had been sitting
on the opposite seat could stand it no
longer. She called to the conductor.
"You see that man?" she said.
"Well, he got in at Ninth street and
has hidden down here without paying.
Now he's going to leave the car and he
means to do you out of five cents. You
only get twelve dollars a week any-
way, and you've got a wife and lots of
children, and I'm not going to see you
robbed by a man like that."
The stout man blushed. "Madam,"
he said, "if I have not paid my fare it
was purely accidental. But I'm sure I
handed it to the conductor soon after I
got in the car."
"Now I know you're a story-teller,"
said the woman, excitedly.
Then by a sudden movement she
grabbed the stout man's right hand and
wrenched it open. It contained a
nickel. She handed the nickel to the
conductor. The stout man got out
hurriedly and darted into a bank to hide
his confusion.
"I don't care," the woman exclaimed,
beginning to blush at all the trouble
she had made, "but I can't see a poor
man with a family cheat like that."

Watching Wild Turkey's Feet.
A writer in Bea Gleanings thus de-
scribes a troop of wild turkeys on a
marsh in Missouri. He said they
started out in the morning like a reg-
iment of soldiers, taking the fields and
woods, and everything that came be-
fore them, each turkey marching per-
haps twenty feet from its neighbor.
They went away every morning, and
generally came in an hour before sun-
down, keeping up the same line of
march in all their raids. About an
hour before sundown they emerged
from the woods, in a long line, all
 abreast. As they went over the pasture
let every cricket, grasshopper, bug and
worm was pretty sure to be detected
by their keen, sharp eyes, and you
could see them do their work as they
moved forward. Of course, they got
into the cornfields some, but it is gen-
erally considered that they do enough
good in their march to atone for the
corn they take, for corn is cheap down
in Missouri.

Presently formerly meant instantly,
Immediately, and is used in this
sense in scores of places by Shakespeare
and other writers of his time. It is a
curious illustration of the dilatoriness
of human nature that a word which
once meant instantly should come to
be universally considered as meaning
after a time.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

The Prison Board.
The state prison boards in annual
joint session at Mackinaw adopted
rules for the application of the parole
system for convicts. The rules pre-
scribe that the governor may parole
prisoners on the recommendation of
the prison board, who shall be guided
by the information given by the ward-
ens. Upon receiving parole the con-
vict shall go at once to his place of em-
ployment, which must be provided for
in advance, shall not leave that place
without permission and shall not leave
the state. He must report monthly as
to where he is and what he is doing,
and shall always be subject to return to
prison for conduct unbecoming a good
citizen. The board was in favor of con-
tinuing the contract system when good
contracts can be secured, otherwise
state account.

Health in Michigan.
During the week ended August 10 re-
ports sent in by sixty-one observers in
various portions of the state indicated
that inflammation of the bowels in-
creased, and typhoid fever and dysen-
tery decreased in area of prevalence.
Consumption was reported at 178 places,
typhoid fever at forty-four, diphtheria
at twenty-two, scarlet fever at twenty-
seven, measles at six and smallpox at
Detroit and Battle Creek.

Wilson Downey and his wife, after
one week of married life, were found
unconscious at Yale. They had taken
poison. Downey recovered somewhat,
but before any explanation could be
obtained from him his father and
brother hurried him off to their home
in Sanilac county. It was known they
were decidedly opposed to his marry-
ing the girl. She was alive, with small
chances for recovery.

The annual session of the Michigan
grand lodge, D. O. H. A., German Ben-
eficial Society, was held in Lansing.
It has a total membership of 662, hav-
ing gained 172 during the year, and
has a balance of \$1,794 in the treasury.
The following officers were elected:
E. J. Clark, Grand Master; J. J. Leasing, vice pres-
ident; Charles Vogel, Lansing, great master;
Gustave Zedler, Detroit, treasurer; Eugene
Osterlin, Lansing.

Gov. Rich received from Secretary of
War Lamont a letter enclosing docu-
ments whereby the National park at
Mackinac Island, together with the
buildings and grounds in connection
therewith, is formally transferred to
the state of Michigan for state park
purposes.

Herbert Smith was drowned before
his young bride's eyes at Otter Lake
while rescuing John Crawford from
the Flint river, where he had been
seized with cramps.

Thomas Wilson, foreman for the
Granberry Lumber company, killed
himself at Iron River by drinking car-
bolic acid while intoxicated.

The air compressor building and ma-
chinery at the Copper Falls mines
were completely destroyed by fire.
Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$7,500.

The executive committee of the Re-
publican National league in session in
Chicago named Aaron J. Bliss, of Sag-
inaw, as treasurer of the league and
treasurer ex-officio of the executive
body.

TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM I.

Germany's ruler lays the corner stone of
a monument to his Grandfather.
Bismarck, Aug. 19.—The founda-
tion stone of the monument to Emperor
William I. was laid Sunday by his
grandson, Emperor William II, with
the most imposing ceremonies. The
former Schloss Ereihelt, where the
monument is to be erected, was con-
verted into a closed arena for the occu-
pancy of the many guests who had
been invited to attend the ceremony.
Huge galleries for privileged spectators
flanked the north and south sides of
the arena, while on the west side,
which borders the river Spree, a high
wooden board had been erected, draped
with the German and Prussian colors.
Four pillars surmounted by mighty
golden eagles divided this draped wall
into three spaces.

Before the center space there was
erected a spacious tent for the use of
the emperor. This tent was deco-
rated with crimson velvet, lion
heads, iron crosses and oak and
laurel wreaths. From the imperial
tent a broad stairway descended to the
spot where the stand was placed with-
in a semicircle of Venetian masts,
trimmed with bunting and banners
and connected with festoons of live
oak. The whole fest, platz was sur-
rounded by soldiers who kept the great
crowds back from that part of the
grounds set apart for the use of the
emperor and his guests.

At 7:30 o'clock the royal personages
assembled in the pavilion of the em-
peror. There were also present the
members of the bundestag and the
reichstag who had been invited to tap
the stone. All had to await for a con-
siderable time the coming of the em-
peror. As his majesty emerged from
the third gate of the palace, he was
greeted with a flourish of trumpets.
As he came out and stood by
the stone Chancellor von Hohenlohe
tendered to him an address, which his
majesty read. After he had read a
little time the bells in churches in the
vicinity struck the hour of 9, and this
drowned part of the text. The ad-
dress read:

"In the name of our sovereigns and free
citizens of the empire we lay the foundation
stone of the memorial to Emperor William
the Great, which was voted unanimously by
the reichstag. He, to whom it was
reserved to fight for the liberation of
Germany from foreign oppression, gave
to the German tribes their long-yearned-
for unity and a powerful position in the
states of the world. He gave to Germany not
only her army and navy, but her trade, com-
merce, arts and sciences. To his enlightened
initiative Germany owes the first step towards
the practical furtherance of the interests of
the working classes. May this monument
ever look down on a happy and contented
nation if such be God's will!"

His majesty then threw some mortar
into the bed of the stone, and was fol-
lowed by Baron Rudloff Berenberg,
president of the reichstag, who made
an address. He then handed a ham-
mer to Emperor William, who said
amid the thunder of canon as the stone
was lowered into its place:
"Encourage the living, to the memory of
the fallen, and as an example to coming ages I
dedicate this monument to the memory of Em-
peror William the Great."
As he spoke the words he tapped the
stone with the hammer, after which it
was also tapped by the crown prince,
the grand duke of Baden, the president
of the bundestag, the president of the
reichstag and others.

The chaplain then pronounced the
benediction, after which Chancellor
Von Hohenlohe called for three cheers
for the emperor. These were given
heartily by all present, and were taken
up and repeated by the crowds that
were watching the proceeding from
the roofs of near-by houses. The
troops then marched past the emperor,
after which his majesty walked into
the castle.

VALKYRIE ARRIVES.

Defender's Rival for the American Cup
Reaches New York.
New York, Aug. 19.—Valkyrie III.
has arrived. The boat which Lord
Dunraven has built to wrest the Amer-
ica's cup and the yachting supremacy
from Yankeeedom, is at anchor in New
York harbor. After encountering
heavy seas and considerable head
winds since her departure from
Gourock bay, Scotland, on July 27, the
cup challenger arrived at Sandy Hook
lightship at 7:30 o'clock Sunday eve-
ning, on her twenty-second day out.
Her passage from Malin Head, where
she dropped her tug on the other
side, to Sandy Hook, 2,770 nautical
miles, took her 21 days, 9 hours and 30
minutes, an average of 120 miles a day.
After thorough inspection at quaran-
tine the Valkyrie was towed to an an-
chorage off Liberty island.

LET OFF WITH A LIGHT FINE.

Violator of the Illinois Game Law Must
Pay \$805.
KEWANEE, Ill., Aug. 19.—In the crim-
inal court Saturday a jury found H.
Clay Merritt, the game dealer, guilty
of but 101 counts of the 27,000 contained
in the information filed by State's At-
torney Graves, of Geneseo, for viola-
tion of the game laws in selling game
out of season. The defense immedi-
ately entered a motion for a new
trial, but the motion was overruled
by Judge A. R. Meek, when Mer-
ritt's fine was fixed at \$5 per bird, mak-
ing a total of \$805. This was the least
fine that could be fixed, the maximum
being \$25 per bird. By this verdict
Merritt is freed from all danger of hav-
ing to pay the enormous fine, amount-
ing to \$70,000, which Game Warden
Blow hoped to have imposed upon him.

# RING THE DOOR BELL

At any hour of the night, and you will find us willing and ready to come to the store and fill your prescriptions promptly.

We dare not say that "We never sleep" but we promise you that we are always on the alert to serve our customers efficiently.

**Pure Drugs.**

**Prompt Service.**

**Prices Low.**

**We will sell you the best fruit jars to be had in Chelsea, at the same price you will pay for the cheap jars.**

Use our Headache Powders and be cured.

**R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.**

**For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,**

Deposit your Money in the **Chelsea Savings Bank.**

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault safe made.

Wm. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

**The Cheapest Place**

To Buy Groceries is at

**Farrell's Cash Store.**

**JOHN FARRELL.**

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

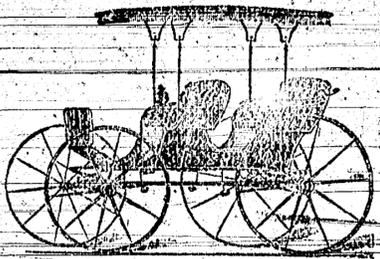
**Good Things to Eat**

At the Central Market.

We are always prepared to serve our customers with the BEST IN THE MARKET, in the line of fresh and salt meats, Poultry, Sausage, etc., at LOWEST PRICES. We are always supplied with the Bacon and Hams for which the Central Market is famous.

**ADAM EPPLER.**

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



**Carriage Shop.**

Carrriages, Wagons and all kind of Farm Implements Repaired in a first-class manner on short notice. Shop in rear of Hirth & Lehinan's blacksmith shop.

**W. H. QUINN,**  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**BIG PROFITS ON Small Investments.**

Returning prosperity will make many rich, but nowhere can they make so much within a short time as by successful speculation in Grain, Provisions and Stock.

**\$10.00** For each dollar invested can be made by our **Systematic Plan of Speculation**

originated by us. All successful speculators operate on a regular system.

It is a well-known fact that there are thousands of men in all parts of the United States who, by a systematic trading through Chicago brokers, make large amounts every year, ranging from a few thousand dollars for the man who invests a hundred or two hundred dollars up to \$50,000 to \$100,000 or more by those who invest a few thousand.

It is also a fact that those who make the largest profits from comparatively small investments on this plan are persons who live away from Chicago and invest through brokers who thoroughly understand systematic trading.

Our plan does not risk the whole amount invested on any trade, but covers both sides, so that whether the market rises or falls it brings a steady profit that piles up continuously in a short time.

WRITE FOR CONVINCING PROOFS, also our Manual on successful speculation and our Daily Market Report, full of money making pointers. All FREE. Our Manual explains enough trading fully. Highest references in regard to our standing and success.

For further information address:

**THOMAS & CO.,** Bankers and Brokers,  
241-242 Bialto Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

**Chelsea and Vicinity.**

Miss Anna Conroy is visiting Ann Arbor friends this week.

Miss L. Graham was the guest of Manchester relatives Sunday.

Born, Aug. 16, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lampert, a daughter.

Mrs. George Bell, of Petrolia, Canada, is visiting Mrs. M. J. Emmett.

Ben Hawley expects to move into his new house on Park street next week.

C. Steinbach visited friends at Ann Arbor and Whitmore Lake last week.

W. P. Schenk and family are spending the present week at Cavanaugh Lake.

Mrs. E. Boardman, of Port Huron, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. J. Emmett.

The Glazier Side Company is putting in a large duplex pump for fire protection.

B. Parker and wife called on friends at Stockbridge and Unadilla first of the week.

Mrs. B. Winans and daughter, Bessie, returned home from Lansing last Saturday.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening, Aug. 23rd, at 7:30.

The Misses Grace and Ethel Hitchings, of Saginaw City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnold.

Mrs. Wm. Glover, of Clay Springs, Fla., is visiting Mrs. Merritt Boyd and other friends this week.

John Stiglemaier has purchased a lot on East street of Jacob Mast and will erect a dwelling house on the same this fall.

W. M. Beach and wife, of Lansing, spent several days of last week with Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker, of Jefferson street.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor, of Whitmore Lake, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. John Grainger, of this place, last week.

The dates of the Chelsea fair have been changed to Sept. 15, 16 and 20, 1895.

Paste this in your hat and be sure and attend.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lutz and son, Arthur, of Sullie, spent a few days of last week with Mrs. Lutz's uncle, Samuel Tucker.

R. A. Snyder is erecting an \$1800 house to replace the one recently destroyed by fire. Geo. Beckwith is overseeing the job.

The members of St. Paul's Sunday School held their annual picnic at North Lake last Thursday. They all report a pleasant time.

Louis Alyn brought into market last Tuesday the first load of home grown watermelons. Beissel & Staffan purchased the lot.

James P. Wood, who with his wife was visiting friends in the northern part of the state, was taken ill and brought home last Monday. At present he is improving.

A large number of the members of the German Workingmen's Society of this village, together with the Maccabees band, are attending the German Day celebration at Ypsilanti to-day.

Fred Heller and son, Master Adolph, Mrs. Catherine Girbach and two daughters, the Misses Tillie and Paula, and Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wackenhart, attended the funeral of a relative at Lodi last Sunday.

Ranson Armstrong, who with Roll West and Geo. Beckwith started for California, returned home last Sunday. They got as far as the Black Hills, when Ranson was laid up with a felon on his hand, which was the cause of his return.

Wm. Wood, of Lima, has decided to become a resident of Chelsea, and has purchased the Barnes property, corner East and Harrison streets. Mr. Wood will have the house remodelled and repaired before moving his family.

Among the leading attractions at our coming fair will be the races and ball games, as follows: Thursday, 2:40 trot, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$45. 1st \$20, 2nd \$10, 3rd \$5. Bicycle race, free for all. Three good prizes. Ball game, purse \$20. Friday, free for all trot or pace, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$80. 1st \$40, 2nd \$25, 3rd \$15. Three minute trot, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$25. 1st \$12, 2nd \$8, 3rd \$5. Ball game, purse not yet decided on.

There is a saying among the sporting fraternity and those who live by their wits that "there is a sucker born every minute." Judging from the manner in which the people bit at the bait thrown out by a street fakir who was selling medicines on the street last Wednesday evening, we are inclined to agree with the above saying. These medicines were a hum up against the medical count book themselves insulted if asked to contribute a like sum to any legitimate enterprise for benefitting themselves and the community in which they live.

**Only.**

Only an empty sound, only a vacant chair. With plate and place at the table that no one else can share!

Only a broken heart, only a vacant stare, Only an empty sigh, with sadness every where;

Only an echo when I call her name;

Only an empty space when my arm goes out to claim

My darling, precious mother; but now I wait in vain.

No matter where I go, for either way I look

I see some loving token, perhaps a treasured book;

May be the next a piece of work, hardly yet complete.

Only the memory of some loving word, as it comes up now and sweet;

Only the portrait of a smiling face,

The silent shadow of a vanished form,

Pressed often to my own in glad embrace,

With loving words and fond kisses warm.

It crushes down my strength, it racks my heart and brain;

But what to me is loss is her eternal gain.

Only waiting now in the mansions of the bleek,

Where the wretched cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest."

Com.

**All Figured Out.**

The following from the Wall Street Daily News of August 21st of interest, if for nothing else, to show how every possible advantage is used by the dealers in that great gambling center to boom or depress stocks and the prices of cereals:

"Unless a blighting frost occurs before its time, the corn crop of the western states this year will be by far the largest in their history. A much larger acreage than usual was planted, and the general yield per acre will be above the average.

Frost is now the only thing which can seriously interfere with the full maturity of the crop. So much rain has fallen throughout the western section, and the ground is so thoroughly saturated with moisture, that were no more to fall from now until the crop is gathered it would not suffer from that cause to any appreciable extent. Conservatively estimates of the crop of the three great western corn states— Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska— place the aggregate yield at 1,000,000,000 bu. Such a yield will give the railroads more traffic than they have had since 1893. This amount of corn alone, not to mention the other cereals and farm products which these states raise, would make 2,333,333 carloads of 24,000 lbs. each. Allowing forty cars to a train, it would make 58,333 train loads, or 160 trains of forty cars each per day for a whole year. Of course all the corn will not be sent to market in its original form.

Much of it will be turned into beef and pork, but when that is done the traffic of the roads will be largely increased by the operation. For twelve months to come, then, the question confronting the railroads will not be how to get traffic, but how to find cars in which to transport it to the markets of the world. Where are the 2,333,333 cars coming from that will be required to haul this one article of freight or its equivalent?"

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only 25cts, 50cts, and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

**Excursions.**

Labor Day, Sept. 2, 1895, Detroit, Mich., one first-class limited fare for round trip. Date of sale, Sept. 2, limited to return Sept. 3, 1895.

Sunday School Rally, Jackson, Aug. 29, 1895, one and one-half cents per mile each way. Date of sale Aug. 29, limited to return same day.

Labor Day excursion to Detroit, via Michigan Central, under the auspices of the Jackson Trades Council, Monday, Sept. 2, 1895. Train leaves Chelsea at 6:50 a. m. Fare for round trip, \$1.25.

Seventh Day Adventists' annual state camp meeting, Lansing, Mich., Sept. 11 to Oct. 2, 1895, one and one-third first class limit fare for round trip. Date of sale Sept. 11, 13, 15 and 25, limited to return until Oct. 2.

Annual excursion to Petoskey and Traverse City and return, Aug. 28, 1895, via Michigan Central. Train leaves Chelsea at 6:17 a. m. Fare for round trip, \$3.00. Tickets are good for return by any regular train until Sept. 6, inclusive.

**Woolley's America Balm.**

The Best Balm in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Eczema, etc. It is a sure cure for all these troubles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by P. P. Glazier & Co.

# Freeman's TABLE SUPPLIES.

We are headquarters for fresh, clean, first-class eatables.

**THIS WEEK**

As usual we are offering big inducements on the most important articles of reasonable eatables.

**Cold Lunch Goods**

In immense variety.

**In Fresh Vegetables,**

Fancy full ripe Tomatoes, choicest White Plume Celery, Evergreen Corn, Fancy Snow Ball Cauliflower, Sweet Potatoes.

**Choice Fruit.**

We have an abundance of fine Peaches, Pears, Apples, Plums and Melons at very low prices. And you will admit that our fruit is far superior to any other fruit offered for sale.

**You Pay Your Money.**

And you may as well enjoy the very best while you are about it.

# Freeman's

Is the place to trade if you want the very best.

**J. C. Twitchell,**  
PHYSICIAN  
AND  
SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Durand building.

**Dr. W. A. Conlan**  
DENTIST.

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

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AND  
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Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

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Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES: Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

Office Hours:--10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advised free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetics used in all cases. Permanently located.

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**W. S. Hamilton,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Kempf's new bank,  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.



TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the writer.

The late George F. Root's golden wedding was to have been celebrated in a few days. It was an event to which he looked forward and of which he said: "I long for even a more useful life thereafter."

At Bar Harbor, instead of the young men inviting the girls to indulge in the different popular games, such as tennis, golf, etc., the girls have actually to beg the young men to play with them.

The Northwest Magazine points out the significant fact that a bushel of wheat is now carried from Duluth to Buffalo for two cents or less, a distance of over 1,000 miles, while it still costs from three to five cents to carry it from Buffalo to New York, a distance of 485 miles.

A factory in Anniston, Ala., has received the contract for equipping the city of Tokio, Japan, with water pipes. Factories in England, Germany, Belgium and other European countries competed in the bidding, but the Alabama contractors were successful.

FROM reports received from southwestern Missouri thousands of bushels of peaches will be lost because they can not be marketed to advantage under present transportation facilities.

The Marquis Eugene de Beauharnais, blockade runner and financial agent of the Confederacy, one of the most daring adventurers of the age, and one upon whose head the United States government once set a reward of \$50,000, is now visiting San Francisco.

The Russians have made a singular discovery in Central Asia. In Turkestan, on the right bank of the Amou Daria, is a chain of rocky hills near the Bokharan town of Kerki, and a number of large caves, which, upon examination, were found to lead to an underground city, built apparently long before the Christian era.

The coming man in Turkey is Turchan Pasha, the new foreign minister, who has had a remarkable career and is in high favor with the sultan and the grand vizier.

Dr. Bently, of the Chicago board of health, has issued a manifesto against kissing. He paints in horrible colors the dangers of bacilli transmission through the medium of osculation, and earnestly pleads that all young couples who feel they can not give up the pernicious practice carry around with them bottles of carbolyzed rose water and wash their lips carefully with it after each contact.

Two \$1,000 notes, torn in half, were found amid rubbish in Washington. The notes were thought to be counterfeit, but were carried to the United States treasury, where it was ascertained that the find was genuine money, but that these notes formed part of a robbery effected some time since, and, as their numbers had been published, they could not be offered by the robbers without danger.

Agents of the caterpillar nuisance reports have been received from Blumark, N. D., which state that a new kind of caterpillar has made its appearance in that region, and has proceeded at once to denude shade trees of their foliage.

A steamer running on rails is a curious sight to be seen near Copenhagen. Two lakes are separated by a narrow strip of land on which rails are laid running into the water on either side. The steamer, which is forty-four feet long and carries seventy passengers, is guided to the rails by pilot like a ferry slip.

People in the vicinity of Pittsburgh have started a movement in favor of composite roads, consisting of a macadamized track about a dozen feet wide with a dirt road alongside of it. It is well known that dirt roads in summer afford passengers driving than any other kind, but in winter or continued wet weather they are at the other extreme.

READY FOR WORK.

Silver Democrats Formulate Plans for the Campaign.

Result of Their Conference at Washington—Text of an Address and Series of Resolutions Adopted—Work of Organization.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The corridors of the Metropolitan hotel were crowded early Wednesday with delegates to the conference of silver democrats called to meet there for the purpose of agreeing upon a line of policy to be pursued in the interest of silver in the democratic party.

The meeting was called to order at 11 o'clock by Senator Harris, who moved that Senator Jones, of Arkansas, be made chairman and William C. Hinrichsen, of Illinois, secretary. This was done. Senator Jones, in opening, said that the conference had met in accordance with the call, which explained its purpose.

On motion of Senator Daniel, of Virginia, the chairman appointed the following committee to prepare a programme of proceedings and resolutions, and report the same to the conference at an adjourned meeting to be held at 4 p. m.

Missouri, Gov. Stone and H. M. Hill, North Carolina, Senator Jarvis; Illinois, W. R. Hinrichsen; Indiana, A. W. Clarke; Georgia, ex-Senator Walsh; Alabama, J. F. Johnson; Tennessee, E. M. Carmack; Virginia, Senator Daniel; Kentucky, W. Woodson; Colorado, A. Newell; North Dakota, W. R. Bierby; Ohio, P. S. Yoder; Delaware, J. F. Sanborn; Maryland, M. Pullman; Mississippi, W. S. Stockdale; South Carolina, J. P. Brecken; West Virginia, J. J. Crowell; Texas, ex-Representative Hargis; Arkansas, Senator Jones; and Florida, J. S. Beard.

The conference reassembled at 4 o'clock. Senator Daniel, in accordance with the agreement reached by the committee on programme, reported progress and asked that the conference adjourn until 10 o'clock Thursday morning, at which time they expected to be able to report resolutions and an address to the party. The request of Senator Daniel met prompt compliance and the conference adjourned until 10 o'clock to-day.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Without a dissenting voice the delegates to the silver conference on Thursday adopted free coinage resolutions, appointed a provisional committee to perfect a national organization, made speeches anything but complimentary of the administration and adjourned sine die. When the committee reports were announced as complete shortly before noon, Senator Jones took the chair and Gov. Jones, of Missouri, presented the address. He announced that it was substantially the same as that partially adopted by the Texas silver convention and adopted in toto by the Mississippi convention.

The main portion of the address follows: After explaining the call for the conference and declaring that it was "purely a voluntary assemblage and therefore does not speak with 'party' authority" it proceeds as follows:

"Brothers, conscious that the democratic party today confronts the most momentous crisis in its history and fraught with far-reaching peril to the people and the country, we are assembled as individual democrats to take counsel together and for the undisguised purpose of inaugurating and promoting a thorough and systematic organization of the democratic masses, so that they may go forward as one man with a resolute purpose to rescue the old party, founded by Thomas Jefferson, from plutocratic domination.

"Therefore, with this object in view, this convention of American democrats, composed of representatives from twenty-two of the leading states of the nation, upon the following declaration on the monetary question which has been forced into the leading place among the issues of to-day. This federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metal of the United States. The first language passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio inscribed by the silver dollar unit.

"From the beginning of the government, following a policy formulated by Thomas Jefferson and firmly established by Jackson, the democratic party has been the party of bimetallism favoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the national mints and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the government's sovereign power of issuing and controlling the money of the people.

"The act of 1873 demonetizing silver was unconstitutionally passed without the approval or knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act in fastening upon this country the single gold standard was understood the democratic party has consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be righted.

"Future to accomplish this object has resulted in the steady appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class; paralysis of industry and the impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold standard countries. Experience has shown that while under the single gold standard there may be an occasional revival of business activity accompanied by enhanced prices of a limited number of commodities, such revival is due to artificial and temporary causes and cannot permanently mitigate the sufferings due to the falling of prices brought about by the appreciation of gold and the inadequate supply of primary or redemption money.

of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's lawmakers than the greed of foreign creditors or the availing demands made by 'idle holders of idle capital'.

An Inalienable Right. "The right to regulate its own monetary system in the interest of its own people is a right which no free government can barter, sell or surrender. This reserved right is a part of every bond of every contract and of every obligation. No creditor or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all other debts and one that it is not only dishonored but treasonable to ignore.

"The land and its products are the basis of all developments and prosperity. The productive capacity of a country must be the basis of its credit. In opposing the policy of contraction, which must inevitably depreciate the value of land and its products, we are the supporters of property rights and sound credit and stand between the homes and estates of the people and the red flag of the auctioneer.

"The policy of gold monometallism has been characterized by repeated and disastrous financial panics. The farmers have found their prosperity and independence constantly waning under its blighting influences. The manufacturer, who is interested to oppose it, for it tends to the price of sale falling below the cost of production. Merchants should oppose it, for with the falling prices they are often compelled to sell for less than they paid for manufactured goods. Neither manufacturer nor merchant can prosper unless the mass of consumers realize such prices for their products and labor and supply themselves liberally with the necessities of existence. The manufacturer can be no longer prosperous, for his depression consigns there to loss and less competition for his labor.

Traditional Friend of Bimetallism. "The democratic party is the traditional friend and champion of bimetallism. Its strength and power and popularity has been largely built upon its steadfast opposition to the demonization of silver and its record of unswerving effort to restore it to its historic place as a money metal equal with gold. The effort at this late day to make it par excellence the champion of gold monometallism, the enemy of the policy it has upheld and the defender of the crime it has denounced, is a gross and deliberate record, its promises and its principles. The democratic party is forced into this position it heaps obloquy on its own past and crowns its great adversary with glory and honor.

"Duty to the people requires that the party of the people continue the battle for bimetallism until the efforts are crowned with success; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the democratic party in national convention assembled should demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

"Resolved, That it should declare its irrevocable opposition to the substitution for a metallic money of a panic-breeding corporation credit currency, based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

"Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by the law to the government of redeeming such obligations with either gold or silver.

"Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds to the United States in time of peace, and especially to placing the treasury of the government under the control of any syndicate of bankers and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

"With a view to securing the adherence to a resumption of the democratic financial policy above set forth by the democratic national convention to be assembled in 1896 and of the nomination of a candidate for the presidency, well known to be in hearty sympathy therewith, we hereby pledge our mutual cooperation, and urgently recommend to democratic brethren in all the states to at once begin and vigorously and systematically prosecute the work of a thorough organization, and to this end the adoption of the plan of organization herewith submitted is recommended.

Mr. Hill, of Missouri, moved the adoption of the address and resolutions, which were agreed to by a unanimous vote.

The plan of organization recommended by the committee was outlined to the conference as follows:

"Believing that a large majority of the democratic voters of the United States are in favor of the resumption of the old party, and knowing that a free expression of their views can only be ascertained and made effective through proper organization, we recommend the following plan of organization:

"First—There shall be a national committee of democrats who are in favor of both gold and silver as the money of the constitution, which shall be composed of one democrat from each state and the executive committee herein after provided for by the democratic national convention.

"Second—That until otherwise ordered by the national committee, Senators Harris of Tennessee; Jones of Arkansas; Turple of Indiana; and Hon. W. J. Stone, of Missouri, and Hon. W. H. Hinrichsen, of Illinois, be and are hereby constituted the executive committee and shall have full power and authority, and it shall be their duty as early a day as possible to appoint the members of the national committee herein provided for and to fill vacancies in the same.

HORROR AT MIDNIGHT.

The Gurney Hotel at Denver Wrecked by an Explosion.

The Ruins Take Fire and It Is Thought That Two Score of the Inmates Have Lost Their Lives—Heartrending Scenes.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 19.—The Gurney hotel, Nos. 1735 to 1733 Lawrence street, was wrecked by a terrific explosion at 12:10 o'clock a. m. The rear half of the building, a five-story brick and stone structure, went down with a crash.

The hotel was crowded with guests and many of them must have been killed, as well as the entire force of hotel employees, who were sleeping in the portion of the building which fell.

On both sides of Lawrence, from Seventeenth to Eighteenth street, and on Larimer, directly back of the Gurney, the plate glass windows of the business houses were blown in and a number of pedestrians were injured by falling glass. The fronts of many buildings in the vicinity were badly wrecked.

The hotel structure for 100 feet along the alley and extending 75 feet toward the front is a mass of debris. Brick and plaster are piled in heaps 20 feet high, and from this mass of wreckage can be heard the moans of the injured and dying.

At 12:30 five injured persons had been taken out. They were all inmates of the upper story, and sank down with the floors, escaping more fortunately than those above, who are still buried in the ruins.

The firemen were working like beavers, and digging into the debris, but are making little progress. The remaining portion of the building, from which the guests are being removed by ladders as fast as possible, was expected to fall at any moment, and precautions to avert further loss of life added to the difficulty in reaching the dead and injured.

By some estimates forty people were in the portion of the hotel destroyed, nearly all of whom must be dead. It will be late before a full list can be obtained.

The cause of the explosion is uncertain, but it is supposed that the battery of the boilers in the hotel basement exploded.

The sound of the explosion was heard throughout the city, awakening people in bed a mile from the scene. A cloud of dust was thrown a thousand feet in the air, and as there is not a breath of air stirring it still hangs in the air like a huge column. Minute atoms of powdered brick and mortar are descending like gentle snow.

At 12:50 the ruins were burning fiercely and the firemen were obliged to retreat from the work of rescue. Every engine in the city was pouring streams into the mass, but it was evident the flames could not possibly be gotten under control before many of the injured had been cremated.

As their chances of escape lessened the cries of the imprisioned people increased, heartrending shrieks rising from every portion of the great mass of wreckage.

Fears were entertained that the front portion of the building, which seemed to be tottering, would fall and bury the firemen at their work. During the height of the excitement a hose team ran away on Eighteenth street, stampeding the great crowd of spectators. A number of people were more or less injured by being trampled upon and falling in the broken glass, which covered the streets and sidewalks in every direction.

Electric light wires dangling from broken poles in the alley added fresh peril to the firemen. One horse was killed by coming in contact with a live wire. Two injured women had been almost extricated from the ruins, when the flames approached so close that the rescuers had to abandon them for their own safety. Both voices were soon stifled, fire completing the work commenced by the explosion. The bodies of three women were also to be seen in the back part of the building, but could not be reached.

FAMOUS BUILDING BURNS.

Destruction of Holmes' "Castle" at Englewood, Ill.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Holmes' notorious "castle," sixty-third and Wallace streets, the place of murder and mystery, was almost destroyed by fire early this morning, the walls and part of the roof alone remaining. The origin of the blaze is almost as much a mystery as that of the one which partially wrecked it several years ago. Just after midnight three explosions were heard and immediately fire burst from the windows. What caused the explosions is a mystery. The loss will be \$25,000. The building was being remodeled as a museum to be stocked with relics of the man accused of many crimes.

WALLS BLOWN DOWN.

One Workman Killed and Others Injured—During a Thunder Storm.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 18.—During a severe storm Saturday morning the walls of the United Presbyterian church, now in course of construction, collapsed and a number of workmen were thrown to the ground. Frank Senova was killed and three other men were severely injured.

TO VINDICATE DEBS.

A General Call for an Expression of Sympathy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Eugene V. Debs is likely on Labor day to receive friendly messages from thousands of sources. The labor leader who won renown in the big railroad strike of 1894 spurns a pardon. He says he wishes to work out his salvation in his own way—in jail. Mr. Debs' associates have issued the following cards, which they believe will bring the required response: "Let every union, every labor man, every mechanic, farmer, merchant, business man, professional man—in short, every friend of civil liberty—send a telegram to Woodstock, Ill., on Labor day, denouncing the supreme court decision. Let it be labor's lightning to thunder along the wires to Woodstock, and let every man who is struck down and crushed by this decision be remembered."

THESE HAVE, Ind., Aug. 19.—The Railway Times, the organ of the American Railway union, in the current number gives to the public the correspondence between President Eugene V. Debs and the department of justice in regard to the application for a pardon which was filed in the department by a labor union of Philadelphia without the knowledge of Debs or his associates. The first Debs knew of the application for pardon was a notice from the department of justice that his District Attorney Milchrist had reported unfavorably on the application. It would not be granted, then Debs wrote to the department to ask where the application came from and to Milchrist to tell him that he had not asked for a pardon. In the letter to the department of justice asking for the names of the persons who made the application Debs says:

"It was an utter surprise, as we had not thought of asking for a pardon. The department of justice refused us, just as we scorn its mercy. I speak for myself as well as myself when I say we would rather rot in jail than enjoy our freedom by the obsequy of those who sentenced us."

The pardon clerk sent the names of the applicants, and Debs to this replied that he and his associates desired no pardon, because they had committed no crime, and had not been tried by a convicted. We are entitled to our liberty as a matter of right, but we do not want it on the ground of mercy."

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GREAT SLAUGHTER.

Battle in British Honduras—Many Hundreds Are Killed.

New York, Aug. 19.—A letter just received in Trenton, N. J., says that a bloody battle occurred on August 3 at Struan creek and Mullins river, about 30 miles south of Belize, in British Honduras. The trouble arose over an attempt of English farmers to build a railroad from their plantations to the coast through the Carib reservations. The English planters, set about 3,000 Jamaica negroes at work on the construction of the road in spite of warnings by the Caribs of trouble. The letter continues:

"Late in the afternoon of August 3, the Caribs in large numbers, armed with machetes, advanced upon the Jamaica negroes at work upon the railroads and ordered them to take up the rails which they had put down. The Jamaicans not only refused but endeavored to attack the Caribs unless they cleared the rails."

The Caribs went away, but returned in less than an hour to the number of close upon 7,000, and immediately began to tear up the newly laid rails. The infuriated Englishmen, upon seeing this done, ordered their negroes to resist. At the moment the Jamaicans raised their weapons the Caribs rushed upon them, and with their machetes hacked and chopped the negroes to pieces. Small as their numbers were, the Jamaicans fought bravely and killed many of their antagonists, but they could only stand against the Caribs two hours.

"By that time the ground was literally covered with dead and wounded. Some had their head or some of their limbs chopped off. The English used their guns with deadly effect. Between 500 and 600 negroes in all were killed and about as many wounded, while the Caribs had about 800 killed and twice as many wounded, some mortally. As soon as the negroes were forced to 'beat the retreat' the Caribs went to work and tore up every foot of rail, damaged many of the English plantations and destroyed fruit, rubber, etc. to the value of several thousand dollars. The governor, upon hearing the news, ordered out the local military forces. Since the arrival of the soldiers, who number 1,500, nothing further, up to the present time of writing (August 9), has occurred."

"The Caribs say they will repeat their attack if another attempt is made to lay down rails upon their reservations. The governor has ordered the English planters to cease construction of their railroads, which they are likely to do in the course of a few days."

SENT TO JAIL.

Dr. and Mrs. Hearne, indicted for the Murder of A. J. Stilwell.

St. Louis, Aug. 19.—A special to the Chronicle from Hannibal, Mo., says that the grand jury has returned an indictment against Dr. Hearne and his wife, charging them with the murder of A. J. Stilwell, in Hannibal, about seven years ago. Warrants were immediately issued and Dr. and Mrs. Hearne have been placed under arrest.

Ever since Amos J. Stilwell, the wealthy pork packer, was murdered in his bed on the night of December 21, 1888, Dr. Hearne and the widow of the murdered man have been suspected of the murder, and the case has been investigated by several grand juries. None of them found sufficient evidence to convict until the present grand jury. This indictment is no surprise to the citizens of Hannibal, as more than 90 per cent of the citizens are guilty that Dr. Hearne and his wife are guilty."

KILLED TWO MEN.

A Game of Cards Causes a Double Murder Near Madison, Ill.

CARON, Ill., Aug. 19.—Near Marion, Saturday evening, Fred Williams shot and instantly killed William Milice and William Read with a double barreled shotgun. It was the result of a quarrel over a game of cards.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

BECOMING A NECESSITY.

The demand for good roads is no longer a mere fad. Good roads, good country roads, are becoming more and more a necessity of the day and age.



A FALLACIOUS ARGUMENT.

Our Taxes Are High Enough Now, and We Farmers Don't Propose to Build Roads for Them Bicycle Riders to Ride Over.

farmers of the United States had invested in round numbers, \$1,750,000,000. That is a pretty large sum; if invested at 5 per cent. interest, it would produce nearly \$1,750,000 each week.

WOMEN AND GOOD ROADS.

Grand Work Done by Twenty Pretty New England Girls. Ten years ago no one dreamed that the time would ever come when women would be directly interested concerning the condition of the public thoroughfares.

and most convenient we have met with is shown in our illustration. The cows are stabled two in a stall with a shallow gutter in the rear, to which the inner floor should slope a couple of inches, affording ample drainage and keeping the cattle clean.

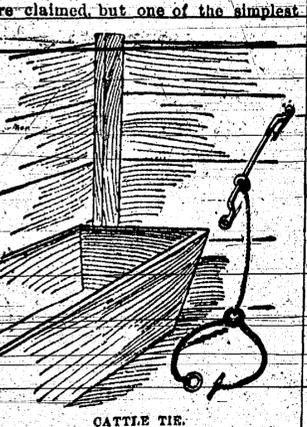
HOME CHEESE-MAKING.

How Many of the Troubles of the Amateur May Be Avoided

The New England Homestead gives the following suggestions for home cheese-making: Strain the milk into a one hundred gallon cask, which should bring the curd in one hour when the temperature is at about 80 degrees.

FOR FASTENING CATTLE.

Description of a Simple, Convenient and Economical Tie.



CATTLE TIE.

and most convenient we have met with is shown in our illustration. The cows are stabled two in a stall with a shallow gutter in the rear, to which the inner floor should slope a couple of inches, affording ample drainage and keeping the cattle clean.

AROUND THE DAIRY.

PROF. SANBORN says that cut clover and straw are as good for feeding as timothy. E. W. STEWART praises highly ground white beans as food for milk cows.

THE DUCK FARMS OF CHINA.

Some Queer Sights on the Rivers of Soo-chow.

We expected to see something wonderfully fine when we reached Soo-chow; for does not the ancient proverb read: "Above are the halls of Heaven; below are Soo-chow and Hang-chow?"

What would the reader think of seeing a farmer traveling to market with as many ducks as could be crowded into more than the space of the park between the city hall and the post office in New York city?

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various goods including LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, RYE, and various meats and oils.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

This is the excellent popper of the world that, when we are sick in fortune, we make of it a god.

Epochs of faith are epochs of fruitfulness; but epochs of unbelief, however glittering, are barren of all permanent good.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

The man who carries a single state is accounted now of worth; but in early days old Atlas was the man who carried the earth.

Millions of men keep seeking for stimulants because the nervous system is constantly irritated by nicotine poison.

Do You Desire to Adopt a Child? Address the International Children's Home Society, 234 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

Do You Really Think Kissing is "Wicked"? The New Woman—It is wicker than wicked. It is insanitary.

Do You Really Think Kissing is "Wicked"? The New Woman—It is wicker than wicked. It is insanitary.

To Become a Mother? If so, then permit us to say that Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is indeed a true "Mother's Friend."

Send us two two-cent stamps for postage. These dolls have changeable heads. No two dolls dressed alike.

ADAMS & SONS CO., Sand Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y., Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

Can only be accomplished with the very best of tools and appliances. Cream Separator—farm you are and better the skimmed milk is a valuable feed.



MADE ONLY AT RACINE, WISCONSIN.

EIGHT PAPER DOLLS FOR ONE WRAPPER OF ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI

Send us two two-cent stamps for postage. These dolls have changeable heads. No two dolls dressed alike.

No Failure of Crops! A Sure Thing! GARDEN, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS. 10 ACRES will give a family a good living, 20 ACRES will place you in a few years in an independent position.

DRUG STORE IN CHICAGO FOR SALE OR MIGHT TRADE FOR SALE GOOD FARM. STORE IS IN GOOD LOCATION. HAS FAVORABLE LEASE AND TRADE CAN BE STEADILY INCREASED.

LEWIS' 98% LYE POWDERED AND PERFUMED. (PATENTED) The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use.

UNEQUALED AS A HEALTH RESORT. ST. CLARA'S ACADEMY, Shinnston, Grand Co., W. Va. (Shinnston Mount) CONDUCTED BY THE DOMINICAN SISTERS.

